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TOUR TION NO	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
APPLICATION NO.	TIEMO DATE	The state of the s	08609/003004	9579	
09/226,766	01/06/1999	LAWRENCE J. WANGH	08009/003004		
75	590 08/23/2002				
WILLIAM J HONE			EXAMINER		
FISH & RICHARDSON 45 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			CROUCH, DEBORAH		
NEW YORK,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1632	11	
			DATE MAILED: 08/23/2002	: (b	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)	
•		09/226,766		WANGH, LAWRE	ENCE J.
Office Action	n Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Dubarah Crouch	1	1632	1
	TE of this communication app	pears on the cover s	heet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress
A SHORTENED STATU THE MAILING DATE OF Extensions of time may be available after SIX (6) MONTHS from the If the period for reply specified If NO period for reply is specified Failure to reply within the set of Any reply received by the Office earned patent term adjustment	TORY PERIOD FOR REPL' F THIS COMMUNICATION. ilable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 e mailing date of this communication. above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl ed above, the maximum statutory period or extended period for reply will, by statute tel later than three months after the mailin to See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however ply within the statutory minim I will apply and will expire SI	er, may a reply be tir num of thirty (30) day IX (6) MONTHS from	mely liled  lys will be considered time in the mailing date of this ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nety. communication.
Status	communication(s) filed on 15	March 2002			
<i>,</i> —	2h\□ T	his action is non-fin	ıal.		
2a) ☐ This action is FI		and for for	rmal matters. I	prosecution as to	the merits is
closed in accord	dance with the practice undo	, <u> </u>	1935 C.D. 11,	, 400 U.G. 213.	.:
4) 57 Claim(s) 87-156	is/are pending in the application	droum from accessed	eration		
4a) Of the above	claim(s) <u>142-156</u> is/are with	iurawn from consid-	J. 16110111		
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>87-141</u>	is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.	Walter 197	ment		
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and	d/or election require	anont.		
Application Papers					
9) The specification	n is objected to by the Exami	milet.	ted to by the F	Examiner.	
	ic/oro: a) ac	ccepted or b)! I obled	ald in abevance	. See 37 CFR 1.85	5(a).
					aminer.
11)[] The proposed d	rawing correction filed on	is: a) approv	vea b) a.a.a.		
If approved, CO	orrected drawings are required in	n reply to this office a			
12)☐ The oath or dec	claration is objected to by the	LAGITHIEI.			
	oc 440 and 420		35 U.S.C. 8 11	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
13) Acknowledgme	ent is made of a claim for for	reign priority under	55 5.5.5. 8 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-> \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ome * c) None of:				
		nents have been re	colved in A	lication No	
	au doour	ments have been re	ceivea iii whh	ceived in this Nat	ional Stage
3. Copies	of the certified copies of the dication from the Internationa	e priority documents al Bureau (PCT Rul	le 17.2(a)).	ceived.	
	tis made of a claim for dor	mestic priority unde	, 00 0.0.0	• • •	isional application).
14) Acknowledgme	ent is made of a claim for dor	ne provisional applic	ation has bee	en received.	
a) The trans	slation of the foreign languag ent is made of a claim for do	mestic priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. §	§ 120 and/or 121	l.
Attachment(s)				ummanı (PTO-413) Pa	aper No(s)
1) Notice of References	Cited (PTO-892) n's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 e Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	(40)	Notice of Inf	formal Patent Applicat	mon (F10-132)
3) Information Disclosure		Action Summary			Part of Paper No. 16

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The request filed on March 15, 2002 in paper no. 13 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/226,766 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Pending claims are 87-156. Claims 87-141 are examined in this office action. Claims 142-156 have been withdrawn from consideration.

Applicant's offer of the book <u>Genomic Potential of Differentiated Cells</u>, by Marie A. Di Berardino, 1997, Columbia University Press, is appreciated. However, the examiner is already in possession of the book. As for the videotape, "Dawn of the Cloning Age", the Patent Office has no means to accept a videotape as evidence of enablement.

Applicant's election of group I in Paper No. 8 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP  $\S$  818.03(a)).

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 87-141 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention for reasons of record.

Claims 87-141 are drawn to the transplantation of a donor cell nucleus other than a sperm or egg nucleus into a recipient egg for the purpose of cloning, comprising an improvement where the donor-cell nucleus in incubated in cytoplasms consisting of two types 1) in a cytostatic factor-containing cytoplasm that is arrested in meiotic metaphase II or mitotic metaphase, and 2) in activated egg cytoplasm. Dependent claims address various limitations to this method, or methods implied but not stated in this method.

The examiner has read the declaration by Lawrence J. Wangh, Ph.D. as well as the attached exhibits. Dr. Wangh's historical perspective is appreciated, and the examiner has

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reviewed each of the references cited in parag.4-7. Agreement is reached that prior to the recent cloning events, animal cloning, and especially in mammal's, was limited to embryonic cells as nuclei donors. However, for the reasoning presented below, applicant's argument that the declaration by Dr. Wangh provides evidence for the claimed invention is not persuasive. Applicant's arguments are also not persuasive for the reasons that the declaration is not persuasive, as well as other reasons. All of applicant's arguments and statements by declarant are addressed below.

The first issue taken with Dr. Wangh's declaration, is that in U.S. Patent 5,480,772, relied upon by declarant to justify the enablement of the instant claims, all of the treatments concerned the incubation of isolate somatic cell nuclei, such as fetal erythrocytes, in two types of egg extract, an egg CSF extract and egg activating extract. There is no evidence that this type of treatment is sufficient for the nuclei to be reprogrammed so that they are returned to a totipotent state. The totipotent state is required for the development of a viable animal from a somatic, differentiated or adult cell nucleus. A very important difference between applicant's invention as disclosed and that of the relevant art, is that the successful cloning using differentiated, adult or somatic cells did not incubate isolated nuclei with an extract, but inserted them into MII arrested oocytes. In fact most of the introduction of nuclei was by fusing the oocyte with a donor cell, although there was at least one report of microinjecting a nucleus into a recipient oocyte. The cloning of pigs has been particularly difficult. The particular methodologies for obtaining pigs cloned from differentiated, adult, or somatic cells is not contemplated by the instant specification. Thus, the post-filing evidence provided by applicant does not support the enablement of the instant claims. The instant specification clear contemplates animal cloning from somatic cell nuclei by the incubation of the nucleus in CSF egg extract and activating egg extract. At page 59, lines 5-19, the specification clear states "prior activation of somatic cell nuclei in

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an appropriate egg extract before transplanting should allow for the necessary reprogramming". At page 59, lines 14-19, state that activation of the somatic cell nucleus should be performed using the improved methods disclosed .... contacting the nucleus with activating egg extract. The extracts are taught in the specification to be made by gathering many eggs, Xenopus to be exact, and treat them in a particular manner, break the eggs open in buffer, and after several centrifugation steps, arrive at extracts. The extracts contain supplements, and have to some extent been diluted or at least treated with buffers such that they bear little resemblance to an intact egg. There certainly is no suggestion in the specification that eggs can activate nuclear material. In addition, the methodology only applies to Xenopus, as there is no yolk in mammalian eggs. The methodology disclosed is not directly applicable to mammalian cells, and the specification provides no guidance as to the preparation of mammalian eggs to make an extract. Thus, the method disclosed in the specification is not like the ones used in the submitted prior art. The examiner could find no reference where the nuclei were incubated in CSF egg extract and then activating egg extract. Without this nexus, the supplied art is not persuasive. It is noted that declaration makes no mention in parag.15-22 of incubating isolated nuclei in two egg extracts as disclosed. The method of the specification may have used differentiated somatic cells to activate nuclear material in these cells, but the methodology is distinct from that of the post-filing art that lead to a cloned animal. There is no contemplation or enablement of claim 87 and 111. There is no evidence that the methodology of the specification provides for sufficient reprogramming to lead to a cloned animal of any species. The requirement for reprogramming is discussed in the previous office action. The statement at pages 59-60 regarding standard techniques is not supportive of incubation in a CSF containing egg followed by incubation in an activating egg.

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As stated in the previous office action, the instant invention falls under the "germ of an idea" concept defined by the CAFC. The court has stated that "patent protection is granted in return for an enabling disclosure, not for vague intimations of general ideas that may or may be workable". The court continues to say that "tossing out the mere germ of an idea does not constitute an enabling disclosure" and that "the specification, not knowledge in the art, that must supply the novel aspects of an invention in order to constitute adequate enablement". (See *Genetech inc v. Novo Nordisk A/S* 42 USPQ2d 1001, at 1005).

Thus, for the reasons given above, the skilled artisan would need to engage in an undue amount of experimentation without a predictable degree of success to implement the invention as claimed as there is insufficient guidance in the specification, in view of the state of the art at the time of filing, that the claimed methods would result in nuclear reprogramming sufficient to produce by nuclear transfer a viable, term animal.

The rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 112, second parag. is withdrawn.

The claims are free of the prior art. At the time of filing, the prior art did not teach or suggest methods of nuclear transfer, where the donor nucleus was incubated first in a cytostatic egg extract and second in an activating egg extract.

This is a CPA of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/226,766. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shark-rand statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah Crouch, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-1126. The examiner's SPE is Deborah Reynolds, whose telephone number is (703) 305-4051.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Art Unit Patent Analyst, Ms. Pauline Farrier, whose telephone number is (703) 305-3550.

The fax number is (703) 308-4242.

DEBORAH CROUCH PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800/630

Deboral Crand

Dr. D. Crouch August 22, 2002